

U-G BAKER
KING OF LOW PRICES

NEW GOODS!
NEW PRICES!
New Everything!

Every train brings them in.
Everything for Fall and Winter that is New
and Up-to-date
Haven't time to write ads
Come and see the finest lines ever shown in
this country.

U-G BAKER
KING OF LOW PRICES

REPUBLICAN CAMPAIGN
HAND-BOOK

THE WORK OF CLUMSY DODGERS.

The Campaign Hand-book of the Republican party in Kentucky, the real platform of that party in the present State campaign, the document from which the leaders of that party expect their orators to get inspiration for the work upon the stump among the voters, has been issued by its Campaign Committee. Aside from its own Campaign Hand-book and the literature which it is distributing, the Democratic State Campaign Committee could find no better document to place in the hands of its speakers with which to explode and clear up the Republican charges of mismanagement of the public affairs of Kentucky during eight years past. Like August E. Wilson, the Republican gubernatorial nominee, the author of this Republican publication has demonstrated that he is a clumsy dodger on the live issues of campaign; that he isn't even an expert at juggling figures in an effort to show a bad financial condition for the commonwealth, and he contented himself with reviving matters brought up a year ago by a defeated candidate for gubernatorial honors, and which the people of Kentucky then had an opportunity to investigate and found with out foundation in fact. Also with reproducing so-called editorials from a Frankfort paper, which ceased publication for lack of support, a veritable campaign sheet, issued by disgruntled Democratic politicians making a factional fight within the party.

With such misrepresentation abuses by men who, like Mr. Willson have been unsuccessful in every political ambition, the author of this campaign Hand-book contents himself, hoping thereby to draw to the Republican side such Democrats as were not lined up on the side of those who were successful in the Democratic State primary election of last year. Not a word does this Republican publication contain regarding the flagrant vio-

lations of law by use and abuse of the military power during the dark days of Bradley and Taylor, from 1896 to 1900; Not a word of criticism has it, as had William Marshall Bullitt in the convention which nominated Mr. Willson, for the murderers of William Goebel, or of Republicans in power at that time, and who are now fugitives from justice, declining even to return under promise of immunity from arrest, offered by the Commonwealth that the Goebel murder may be laid bare in all of its details by those who were responsible for its commission. With an announced motto "The Firm, but Judicious, Enforcement of all Laws," and a reproduction of the weak, vacillating, plank of the Republican platform upon temperance and not a word upon the important subject of observance of the Sabbath Day Laws, the book authorizes the Republican speakers for whose information it is intended, to dodge about on these live questions and issues, and to talk to suit the community in which the speaker happens to be at the time he has then under discussion. It reproduces the letter of the Rev. Dr. E. L. Powell, of Louisville, charging Governor Beckham with being insincere to his fight for temperance and of observance of the Sabbath, a letter which has been discredited in its every line by the policy which the Governor pursued in the city of Louisville. The author and publisher didn't ask the Rev. Dr. Powell for his latest views on this matter, or he would have had a contrary view to publish. The word "Judicious" inserted in the Republican motto on the opening page of the publication is doubtfully the loop hole through which the Campaign Committee expects the Republican gubernatorial nominee no escape should he ever have the good fortune to be at the head of the government of Kentucky. This rather remarkable publication contains, from beginning to the close, rumors and hints of what it plays up in block face type as "Graft", but in not a single instance does it make the

charges specifically, always contenting itself with reference to an editorial of an unfriendly newspaper, and going only far enough, as its Editor thinks, to arouse a suspicion that all is not right in the affairs of the government. Representatives of the Republican party, among them Postmasters, and the former private Secretary of the fugitive, William S. Taylor, had access for months to every department at Frankfort, and right well did they work in a fruitless effort to fasten these insinuations of "Graft" upon the officials in power. After all that work, their campaign Hand-book issues, and it can do no better than to reprint and reproduce utterances of disgruntled persons who spent as much time as did they in seeing what could be found, corruption or wrong doing by the Democratic officials whom the people have trusted for eight years past. The cry of a "look at the books" which won for them in 1895 falls flat this year.

The boldest attempt made in this Republican Campaign Hand-book to insinuate "Graft" is in an article which the author of the book copies from the Frankfort Call, which it terms a "Democratic Newspaper" but which was never at any time during the period of its publication, for it is now defunct, edited by a loyal Democrat nor did it ever pose as a Democratic newspaper. Under the largest black face type in the book this article, which is headed "Graft on Graft-Graft, Capitol Graft", is printed, and the Republican party thereby takes responsibility for it. At the time this article was first published, neither the Board of Capitol Commissioners nor the Superintendent or others charged with the work of building the magnificent new Capitol, paid the slightest attention to it. The paper making the charge had no circulation except in the immediate community in which the building was being erected, and where every person resident knew better than it printed. Its editors and writers were known to be dis-

gruntled and factional politicians, whose failure to be on the successful side within the Democratic party had soured them against their successful opponents. For these reasons those attacked in the article would not dignify it with a response and the telling of the facts in the matter on which the charge was based. This would not be done at this time but for the fact that Mr. Willson and his fellow Republicans gather the statement and attempt through it to poison the minds of the voters of the State against the men who have made the new Capitol possible, Judge Hager and Governor Beckham. Unable to bring a single specific charge of mis-doing in the construction of the Capitol, or the wrongful expenditure of a single dollar, and over seven hundred thousand dollars has already been expended in the work of construction, the Republicans now rely upon such a publication to get votes.

The article in question goes on to state that it is known over Frankfort that the Superintendent in charge for the Architect quit the job and publicly gave as his reason that "The whole thing was rotten and he could not afford to risk his reputation as an honest Architect by staying longer". The author of the Republican hand-book prints this charge but does not print a quick and prompt denial by the Superintendent to whom it referred. That denial is herewith printed:

Frankfort, Ky., Sept. 6, 06.
"I notice that the call of Sept. 5th, makes certain statements which they claim were given out by me to several parties with reference to the Superintendents of the new State Capitol Building and my reasons for tendering my resignation. I wish to absolutely refute any knowledge of having ever made any such statements and desire and desire to state that my reason for resigning were purely a personal matter.

A. R. Cotteral.

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
J. C. Watson

BRODHEAD.

The protracted meeting at the Baptist church is drawing good crowds and much good is being accomplished.—Misses Whitehouse and Taylor of Garrard county, are charming visitors of Miss Eliza Pike.—Miss Maud Watson has returned from a pleasant visit of two weeks duration in Garrard county.—Roy, the small son of Mr. and Mrs. John Robins, is numbered with our sick this week.—Miss Deesa Robins has returned from a two months visit to friends and relatives in Tennessee.

Mrs. Walter Miller has returned from Knoxville, Tenn., where she was the guest of her sister, Mrs. G. W. Brooks, for one week.—Mrs. John Robins has returned from a five weeks stay in Garrard county.—A large crowd attended the dedication of the new Baptist church at this place last Sunday. The indebtedness has all been paid and we now have a church of which any town should be proud.—The dedicatory sermon was delivered by the Rev. J. G. Bow, of Louisville.—Mrs. Alice Tate and daughter, Miss Anna, of Mt. Vernon and Miss O'Mara, of Birmingham, Ala., were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Tate from Saturday until Monday.—J. W. Casper, of Mt. Vernon, is here in the interest of the M. W. of A.—Wm. Adams is having erected a very fine building in Jeffersonville.—Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Rice and Mrs. Iva Newland, of Lebanon Junction, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Painter.—N. Giles Cartar is visiting his home folks in Owen county.

J. F. Watson's new drug store on Main street, is about completed and he will be found there with a full line of drugs and drug sundries, in fact everything kept in a first class department store is being remodelled and it has made a new appearance entirely.—Shugars has just got in a big line of souvenir postals. They are lookers. Stop, look at them.—Misses Elizabeth and Etta Cable entertained quite a crowd of their most intimate friends last Friday

night with a "judge" party. All there had a good time.—Mrs. J. H. Dunn was on Saturday's train en route to Danville to visit her mother-in-law, Mrs. S. Monie Dunn.—Robert G. Wilmott, cashier Citizens Bank of Nepton, Ky., was the guest of his mother, Mrs. M. E. Wilmott, two days this week.—D. B. Ramboe was in Corbin Tuesday on business.—Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Leece have returned from a trip through Eastern Tenn.—J. C. McClary, of Stanford, and Mr. and Mrs. Morris Perkins were among the many visitors of Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Albright during the services at the new church.—Mr. and Mrs. Bogue Brown, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Cress, of Preachersville, attended the dedication last Sunday.

Mrs. Briscoe and son of Mt. Vernon, were here to the dedication of the new Baptist church last Sunday.—Among the preachers attending the dedication last Sunday were Rev. R. R. Noel, of Stanford, Dr. J. G. Bow, of Louisville, Rev. J. A. Sawyers, of East Bernstadt, Rev. Briscoe, Mt. Vernon, Rev. McHutchins, Lincoln county, Rev. Metcalf, Mareburg, Rev. Cummins, Bee Lick, Rev. Gooch, Walnut Grove, and Revs. Pike, Wilson and Smith of our city. The music was highly enjoyed and Mr. Albright is to be congratulated on the work in that line as he has one of the best classes in this part of the State.—Milt Rash's house with its entire contents was swept away by fire Thursday night. The house was the property of J. Thos. Cherry.—Mrs. Mary Albright and son, Dick, have returned from a two weeks visit in Casey county.—Miss Clyde V. Wilmott, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Mrs. G. W. Brook, in Knoxville, Tenn., has returned home.—The 3rd degree in Masonry was conferred on R. G. Wilmott Monday night by the lodge at this place.—Mrs. Lizzie Sutton, of Louisville, Ky., is visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Owens.—Miss Katie Cass was at home Sunday from Stanford where she is attending school.—J. H. Hilton was in Stanford first of week.—Mrs. J. R.

Cass and son have returned from a week's visit to her daughter, Mrs. L. B. Hilton, in Stanford.

EASY TO MIX THIS.

What will appear very interesting to many people here is the article taken from a New York daily paper, giving a simple prescription, as formulated by a noted authority, who claims that he has found a positive remedy to cure almost any case of backache or kidney or bladder derangement, in the following simple prescription, it taken before the stage of Bright's disease:

Fluid Extract Dandelion, one-half ounce; Compound Kargon, one ounce; Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla, three ounces. Shake well in bottle and take in teaspoon doses after each meal and again at bedtime.

A well known druggist here at home, when asked regarding this prescription, stated that the ingredients are all harmless, and can be obtained at a small cost from any good prescription pharmacy, or the mixture would be put up if asked to do so. He further stated that while this prescription is often prescribed in rheumatic affliction with splendid results, he could see no reason why it would not be a splendid remedy for kidney and urinary troubles and backache, as it has a peculiar action upon the kidney structure, cleansing these most important organs and helping them to sift and filter from the blood the foul acids and waste matter which cause sickness and suffering. Those of our readers who suffer can make no mistake in giving it a trial.

A CRIMINAL ATTACK

on an inoffensive citizen is frequently made in that apparently useless little tube called the "appendix." Its generally the result of protracted constipation, following liver torpor. Dr. Kings New Life Pills regulate the liver, prevent appendicitis, and establish regular habits of the bowels. 25c at Chas. C. Davis' drug store.

MT VERNON SIGNAL

FRIDAY, Oct. 4, 1907.

Published every Friday by
EDGAR S. ALBRIGHT.

SUBSCRIPTION ONE YEAR \$1.00

Advertising rates made known on
application

MEMBER OF
KENTUCKY PRESS ASSOCIATION



DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For United States Senator—J. C. W. Beckham.
For Governor—S. W. Hager.
For Attorney General—John K. Hendricks.
For State Superintendent of Schools—M. O. Winfrey.
For Commissioner of Agriculture—J. W. Newman.
For Lieutenant Governor—South Trimble.
For Auditor—H. M. Bosworth.
For Secretary of State—Hubert Vreeland.
For Treasurer—Ruby Lafou.
For Clerk of Court of Appeals—John B. Chennault.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

We are authorized to announce G. T. JOHNSON as a candidate for County Court Clerk, subject to the action of the Republican party.

We are authorized to announce W. H. Lewis as a candidate for County Court Clerk subject to the action of the Republican party.

Somebody has figured out that the average boy who is dependent upon his parents for a livelihood until he reaches the age of twenty-one years costs them four thousand dollars. On this basis of calculation a brood, for instance, of six boys would represent an outlay of twenty-four thousand dollars by the time they get away from the home roost. The question arises does it pay to raise boys and are there no other crops that would prove more profitable? If a boy turns out to be a cigarette fiend with a breath like a turkey buzzard and a laugh that would make the untutored donkey feel perfectly at home in his society and with an untrammelled and unconquerable desire to avoid work, it is safe to say that his parents might have invested their four thousand dollars at a much better advantage. But if the boy grows up to manhood with the lesson well learned that wealth and success grow only on bushes watered by the sweat of one's brow, the parents need not begrudge what they have spent on him, for he will be a source of increasing pride and joy to their hearts, and when they grow old and their hands tremble and their legs wobble and their step is slow and faltering they have two strong arms to lean upon and help them over all the rough places that lie in their twilight path.

THE voters of Kentucky will be called upon at the coming November election to say by their votes, whether or not the Constitution shall be so amended as to prohibit those who do not hold a tax receipt for taxes due the same year in which the election comes, shall not be permitted to vote. This law should have long since been on our statute books, for sound, able bodied men, who will willingly and for lack of pride; who are so lost to honor as to allow their names to go upon the list of delinquents should not be allowed to have a voice in saying who the officers and chief executives shall be. One of the highest and loftiest duties of a good citizen is to pay his tax for the support of his county and state and he who fails to do this is not worthy of being called a citizen and should be disfranchised from exercising that right, the highest privilege of an American citizen—to vote. When you go into your booths on the 5th of next month don't fail to vote in the little square opposite "YES."

If the man who toils fourteen hours a day, wears overalls and a checkered shirt, and his wife wears a poor quality of calico how does it happen that a fellow who never works at all wears broadcloth and his wife wears seal skin?

SOMERSET is certainly blessed with newspapers, the latest to enter the field is the Somerset Herald edited by Messrs. Westley and Coke.

LAND, STOCK AND CHOP

W. L. Richards and E. S. Albright, Tuesday received from Chicago a car of 134 sheep, which have been let out to different parties. It has long since been recognized that this county is especially adapted to sheep raising, but no very great attention has ever been turned in this direction in the past. We certainly hope the next few years will find our farmers taking advantage of the conditions and circumstances which will bring the best results, and there is no question but that in Rockcastle a few hundred dollars invested in sheep, will pay a better dividend, in proportion to the amount invested than any other undertaking.

The raising of mule colts is getting to be a lucrative thing for our farmers. A few years ago the prices of common mule colts ranged \$25 to \$35 and took a real good one to bring \$75. Now the sales at \$100 are so frequent as to excite no comment and still higher prices are by no means infrequent. The general prosperity of this country has much to do with this, and the special demand for mules has more; but the fact remains that the mule-bred now-a-days are intrinsically worth more. Several well known dealers remarked Court day that the display of weanling mules was the finest they had ever seen considering the number. The season with plenty of grass had something to do with it as nearly all of them were in good condition. But the credit for it is mostly due to the superior quality of the jacks used for sires. With the prices of mules that now exist, farmers can afford to pay a few dollars more and breed to good jacks and they find it pays by adding to the sale value of the colt.—Winchester Democrat.

IN MEMORY.

Death entered the home of Mr. and Mrs. Anderson Burdette on September 28th and claimed for its victim their beloved daughter,

many weeks of that dreaded disease consumption. The deceased was 21 years of age. When only 14 she joined the Christian church and had ever since lived a consecrated Christian life. She leaves father, mother, four sisters and one brother to mourn the loss of an obedient and dutiful daughter and a loving sister.

Call not back the dear departed. Anchored safe where storms are o'er; On the border land we left them, Soon to meet and part no more.

When we leave this world of changes, When we leave this world of care; We shall find our missing loved ones, In our Father's mansion fair.

Her cousin, S. B.

Criticism is a medicine that sometimes kills, but often cures. It cured Lord Byron of some of his early foibles and lordly conceit, and it is said to have killed John Keats, an oversensitive young poet. But taken as a whole, criticism is a good thing if wisely directed and properly administered. It corrects errors, cultivates taste and conducts the world in the right paths to the attainment of the most substantial good to the greatest number.

A young lady of this city went into a dry goods store the other day and blushing asked the head clerk if he had any of those elastic bands, capable of being elongated and adjusted at pleasure, and used by the feminine portion of mankind for putting around the lower extremities of their locomotive members to keep in the proper position and the required altitude habiliments of their tibias. The clerk is now on a sheep ranch.

An exchange says there two reasons why some people don't mind their own business. One is that they haven't any mind, and the other is they haven't any business.

The Franklin county grand jury Monday returned an indictment charging Caleb Powers, now being held in the Goebel assassination case, and others with conspiring together with intent to procure others to swear falsely as witnesses in the Scott Circuit Court, to the effect that Henry Youtsey, of Newport now in the State prison under conviction of complicity in the Goebel case, had admitted that he fired the shot which killed Gov. Goebel in January, 1900. The others indicted with Powers are: Howard M. Benton, on Newport a lawyer; Jennie Gentry, alias Julia Sers, of Lexington, and Dave Cushion said to be of Kenton county.

Pay no attention to slander or gossip mongers. Keep straight on in your course, and let their backbitings die the death of neglect. What is the use of lying awake nights brooding over the remarks of some false friend that run through your brain like forked lightning? What's the use of getting into a worry and fret over gossip that has been set afloat to your disadvantage by some meddling busy body who has more time than character. These things can't possibly injure you, unless indeed you take notice to them, and in combating give them a center and standing. If what is said about you is true, set yourself right at once; if it is false, let it go for what it will fetch. If a bee stings you would you go to the hive and destroy it? Would not a thousand come upon you? It is wisdom to say little respecting the injuries you have received. We are generally losers in the end if we stop to refute all the backbitings and gossipings we may hear by the way. They are annoying, it is true, but not dangerous, so long as we do not stop to expostulate and scold. Our characters are formed and sustained by ourselves and by our actions and purposes. Let us always bear in mind that calumniators may usually be trusted to time and the slow but steady justice of public opinion.—Ex.

HIS DEAR OLD MOTHER.

My dear old mother, who is now eighty-three years old, thrives on Electric Bitters," writes W. B. Brunson, of Dublin, Ga. "She has taken them for about two years and enjoys an excellent appetite, feels strong and sleeps well. That's the way Electric Bitters affect the aged, and the same happy results follow in all cases of female weakness and general debility. All puny children too are greatly strengthened by them. Guaranteed also for stomach, liver and kidney troubles, by Chas. C. Davis leading druggist. 50c.

The Democratic State Campaign Committee announces the itinerary of William F. Bryan, who will spend October 7 and 8 in Kentucky speaking in the interest of the Democratic ticket. The special train will leave Louisville the morning of the first day and Mr. Bryan will speak at the principal points between Louisville and Russellville. From Russellville the train will go to Owensboro. The second day will be spent on the Illinois Central between Henderson and Fulton. The last speech will be made at Murry. Numerous Democratic politicians will accompany Mr. Bryan.

Governor Beckham Wednesday appointed Judge J. S. Morris, of Oldham county, as special judge of the Scott Circuit Court to preside in the fourth trial of Caleb Powers on the charge of complicity in the Goebel murder case. Judge Morris was a member of the last General Assembly, and served for years Commonwealth's Attorney of the Oldham-Shelby Judicial district.

The probability that a new and modified quarantine against tropical countries will be maintained perpetually in New Orleans, instead of a quarantine in summer months only, as heretofore, was announced Wednesday by Surgeon J. H. White of the United States Marine Hospital Service.

Ladies, don't fail to see our up-to-date line of cloaks, before making a purchase.

43 R. H. HAMM, Brodhead, Ky.

OPENING:—I will have my Fall and Winter display of millinery and notions Saturday Oct. 5th. All are cordially invited to attend.

MRS. G. S. HIATT.

FERTILIZER:—Just arrived, a car of the old reliable Horse Shoe Fertilizer. Call on J. J. Smith or Sowder & Owens, Brodhead, Ky. sep 20 31

LOST:—A five dollar bill between Rob Cox's store and top of school house hill. Finder will leave same at SIGNAL office and get reward. A. C. SOWDER.

FOR SALE:—Complete set blacksmith and wagon makers tools, including patent tenon machine, tire bender, shrinker, post drill etc. A bargain for cash.

R. K. POWELL, Sept. 27-4t. Mt. Vernon, Ky.

Mrs. Anna E. Miller took charge of the post office here on the first. K. Thaw, have rendered bills for their services. The total of these bills is slightly in excess of \$23,000.

BARGAINS

My name is George Johnson, and I have a store close to Logan Thompson.

I built it this year on the old Carpenter lot.

It has a flat floor and slanting top;

It has shelves and counters to hold all kinds of goods.

Its walls are of concrete and the rest is mostly wood.

I built this house for the rich, the high, the low and the poor.

And if you ever visit it you will do your trading here for ever more.

I am in it and there to stay, until old Grbriel sounds his whistle on Judgment day.

Others might come, and others may go, but with me I'll say for ever no.

My goods are new, just from the factories you see, as o'er the country you roam

And the prices are so low you are bound to take some of them home.

My competitors are few because they don't know how to buy.

And when they see my store they turn their backs and wonder with a sad, longing sigh.

Now dear friends come and see me and don't pass away.

If you do you'll regret it till your Judgment day.

G. T. JOHNSON.

O. K. STORE,

Opposite Court House.

BARGAINS

The Louisville Herald to Award \$10,000 in Prizes

Monday, July 1, The Louisville Daily, Sunday and Weekly Herald inaugurated a voting contest, in which \$10,000 in prizes will be awarded the women of Kentucky and Indiana. The plan adopted for awarding these prizes is the fairest, equitable, and no element of "luck," "chance" or "guessing" enters into the plan. The campaign is to be conducted on a legitimate competitive basis, and every woman who enters the race will have an equal opportunity to win a first prize or other valuable prizes.

The prizes offered by The Herald are the most liberal ever given away by any newspaper in the South. The capital prize of the \$10,000 contest is \$1,500 in cash. This large amount of money will be given to the woman who secures the largest number of votes in the entire contest, regardless of district limitations. As the contest runs but nine weeks, the winner of this prize will earn \$166.66 per week for nine weeks.

Besides the capital prize there are two other grand prizes, consisting of two 1907 model automobiles. One of these machines is a brand new Aerocar, purchased direct from the factory for the express purpose of awarding it as a prize in The Herald's contest. The other automobile is a runabout model, valued at \$500, and backed by the manufacturers and the local agent. One of these machines will be awarded to a candidate in Louisville, Kentucky or Indiana, outside of Louisville. The candidate who secures the largest number of votes of the two automobile winners will be given choice of the machines.

The contest is divided into twenty-five districts. Each district will receive three prizes. The first prize in each district will be a free trip through the Eastern States, including visits to New York, Atlantic City, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Norfolk and the Jamestown Exposition. Every cent of the expense of the twenty-five tourists from the time they leave home until they return will be borne by The Herald.

One of these free trips will, then, be awarded to the candidate in each one of the twenty-five districts who secures the largest number of votes in her own particular district. The number of votes secured by candidates in one district has no bearing whatsoever upon the number of votes secured by candidates in other districts. This equalizes the competition and gives every one who enters the race an opportunity to win.

If you are eligible enter this contest at once. You may win the capital prize of \$1,500 in cash or a brand new \$2,000 automobile. If you are not eligible enter the name of your wife, mother, sister, friend, relative or sweetheart, as the case may be, and help her win a prize. It will cost you nothing to nominate a candidate. And it costs a candidate nothing to try for one of the prizes. Now is the time to get busy in this gigantic contest. You may never have another opportunity to get such valuable prizes for so little effort. Enter the race before some one else in your locality gets all the votes you are depending on. To enter the contest simply send your name and address to the Contest Department of The Herald, Louisville, Ky., and you will receive full information and a copy of the race by return mail.

W. A. CARSON, PAINTER AND PAPER-HANGER. WALL PAPER, ROOM MOULDINGS, ETC.

Let us make an estimate on work before placing your order. All Work Guaranteed.

Very truly, S. C. FRANKLIN.

The Census Bureau reports 1,430,265 bales of cotton, counting round as half bales, ginned from the growth of 1907, up to Sept. 25. CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought. Bears the Signature of Dr. H. H. St. John.

COLD WEATHER IS COMING.

What do we need most?

SHOES!

Just received a full stock of the best shoes on the market, and all we ask is to let us compare prices and give our Arnold Glove Brand a trial.

Call while our stock is new and complete.

Our new stock of winter goods will soon be on hand.

A. C. HIATT,

HIATT

KENTUCKY.

Convenience of the Savings Account.

Many persons keep their money here as a permanent investment because the risk of loaning to individuals is avoided. As an investment, you can compute the net returns accurately. Small amounts may be added at any time. A savings account offers a profitable means to realize on funds that are idle, awaiting investment. You may withdraw a part or the entire amount at any time. With a determination to save you are always welcome here. Why not lend your money to the bank? As borrowers, we stand ready to receive such amounts as you can save from time to time. We will pay you a regular rate of interest on your money. We'll explain in detail if you will call at the bank.

THE BANK OF MT VERNON, (INCORPORATED.)

MT. VERNON, KENTUCKY.

Willis Criffin PRACTICAL UNDERTAKER, AND FUNERAL DIRECTOR, Mt. Vernon, Ky.

Stock Complete. Can furnish on short notice Metallic Coffins and Caskets and have Embalming done. Fine Hearse attached.

ORDERS by wire Promptly Filled.

Phone No. 63.

Subscribe for the SIGNAL.

Scott's Emulsion strengthens enfeebled nursing mothers by increasing their flesh and nerve force.

It provides baby with the necessary fat and mineral food for healthy growth.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND \$1.00.

METROPOLITAN.

THE BEST PLACE IN ROCKCASTLE TO BUY

Drugs, Stationery, Cigars, Tobaccos, Paints, Oil and Patent Medicines.

Diseases of Children A Specialty.

S. C. DAVIS, Prop.

PHONE No. 53. MAIN STREET. MT. VERNON, KY.

GRANVILLE OWENS

UNDERTAKER

Brodhead K.

—COMPLETE LINE—

Coffins, Caskets and Robes.

All Mail, Telegraph or Telephone orders Promptly Filled.

A COMPLETE LINE.

FOR A NEW AND COMPLETE Line of GENERAL MERCHANDISE. Remember that We have the best at the LOWEST Prices.

A FULL LINE

Of Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hardware and Queenswaare, Groceries and Dry Goods.

W. H. RICH,

Andrews Kentucky.

SUE BENNETT MEMORIAL SCHOOL.

LONDON, KENTUCKY.

Established eleven years. Christian influences. Ideal site. Military training. Thorough work. Music and Business, specialties. Work provided for needy and deserving students. School opens Tuesday, September 3rd. Write for catalogue. Address

J. C. LEWIS, Prin., London, Ky.

DROPS

A PROMPT, EFFECTIVE REMEDY FOR ALL FORMS OF RHEUMATISM.

Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble and Kindred Diseases.

GIVES QUICK RELIEF

Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while permanent results are being effected by taking it internally, purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

DR. S. D. BLAND

Of Brown, Ga., writes:

"I had been a sufferer for a number of years with Lumbago and Sciatica in my right leg, and tried all the remedies that I could get from medical works, and also consulted with a number of the best physicians, but found nothing that gave the relief obtained from 'DROPS.' I shall prescribe it in my practice for Rheumatism and Kindred Diseases."

DR. C. L. GATES

Hancock, Minn., writes:

"A little girl in my family was weak because of Rheumatism and Kidney Trouble that she could not stand on her feet. The moment she put her down on the floor she would scream with pain. I treated her with 'DROPS' and today she runs around as well and happy as can be. I prescribe 'DROPS' for my patients and use it in my practice."

FREE

If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kindred disease, write to us for a trial bottle of "DROPS."

PURELY VEGETABLE

"DROPS" is entirely free from opium, cocaine, morphine, alcohol, lead, and other similar ingredients.

Large Size Bottle "DROPS" (500 Doses) \$1.00. For Sale by Druggists.

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE COMPANY,

Dept. 45. 174 Lake Street, Chicago.

Mount Vernon Monumental WORKS.

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is your best friend or your worst enemy. Active it's your friend. Torpid it's your enemy, and its army is Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache, etc.

RAMON'S PILLS

make active, strong and healthy livers, preventing and relieving liver troubles.

Complete Treatment 25c.

CHAS. C. DAVIS.

THE NEW WAY TO TAX MORTGAGES

Growth in Favor of the Registration Plan.

Several States Now Tax at Five Dollars a Thousand When Lodged For Record—Having Good Effect.

It will be interesting when a year has rolled around to estimate the amount of tax that has been collected in Kentucky by the state and by counties on real estate lien notes and mortgage notes. This subject of mortgage taxation is one that Kentucky should very carefully consider. In most states it has been recognized that to tax mortgages is to impose double taxation, since by the borrowing of money upon real estate no new property has been created, but only the same property twice. It has been considered, however, that the state is entitled to some revenue from this source, and other states have solved the problem by levying a registration tax upon mortgages. Under this system, when a mortgage is filed for record it pays a tax of one dollar or less, and the amount of the mortgage is secured by the mortgage. No subsequent tax is imposed and the entire amount of the tax collected goes into the state treasury.

Where this system has been tried, the result has been a considerable increase in the revenue from taxation of mortgages. The system which we are trying in Kentucky, by which the county clerk is required to make a correct return to the assessor of all mortgages, gives very little chance for any mortgages to escape taxation, so that to adopt in Kentucky the system of a registration tax on mortgages would not be productive of more revenue, and might possibly be productive of less; but it is questionable whether the slight additional revenue derived from these mortgages makes up for the injustice done to the borrowers of money. It is not conceivable that a man will lend money at 5 or 6 per cent, and then pay from 2 1/2 to 3 per cent in the way of tax, and yet it would amount to this in very many of our Kentucky cities and towns. Rather than do so, since he can not now, under the law, avoid disclosing his possession of the mortgage, the lender will simply retire from the money lending market. These restrictions curtail the amount of money that will be loaned on mortgages and result in a hardship to borrowers. It should be remembered, also, that the borrowers affected in this case are of the very best class—farmers who need to raise money on their farms; men of small means who desire to borrow money to build homes, as well as men who pledge real estate to aid them in extensive building or industrial operations. The possibility of borrowing the money they need from private sources has always been of great advantage to the people of these classes, especially in small towns and cities where there are not so many trust companies making loans. The lender might stand the burden of the tax if he were allowed to add that amount to his rate of interest, but he is headed off in that direction by the usury laws. In many cases he takes chances on this point and by various devices will contrive to collect from the borrower the extra premium by way of offset to the tax he must pay on the mortgage. In this way the burden falls direct on the borrower and must inevitably tend to increase the interest rate on mortgage loans.

That a tax on mortgages does so increase the interest rate on mortgage loans has been clearly proved by the experience of New York.

It is not to be supposed that there will be any opposition to the tax on mortgages on the part of corporations which have money to lend, since, by law, banks and trust companies are not specifically taxed on their mortgage loans. But any banker dislikes to see anything done that restricts the amount of available capital in the state, for such restriction of available capital means restriction of business, restriction of all forms of progress that make the state more prosperous. Experience has, up to this time, demonstrated that the only beneficiaries of the attempt to rigidly tax mortgages are the foreign insurance companies, which come into the state and lend their money and, being resident in other states, do not have to pay a tax on their mortgages.

The same registration tax where it has been adopted is applied to the mortgages filed by railroad and other corporations. This is proving a more effective way of taxing bonds than to take the chance of individual holders selling willing to give them in for taxation which they generally fail to do. It is a fact of the fact that the bonds rarely pay more than 5 to 10 per cent, and three-fifths to three-fourths of this would have to be given up to the tax gatherer if the bonds are listed with the assessor. And men will not willingly submit to confiscation.

The subject of taxing credits is one of the most difficult in the realm of taxation, and it is a field where mistakes are most costly, because it is the taxation of this form of property that drives capital from the community, and to drive capital from the community means the curtailment of all the enterprises that build up the community and add to its population and to the value of its real estate.

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Consumed With Taxation.

In her petition asking for the change in the trust company, Mrs. Walsh says: "Plaintiffs desire, if said Clara Bell Walsh be not entitled to a discharge of the trustee, that there be a change in the person of said trustee, and if it can be done that the funds and property in trust be transferred to a trustee duly qualified under and resident in the state of Missouri, where they have their home. Plaintiffs state that the reasons why a change of trustee is desired do not in any manner relate to the conduct or fidelity of said trustee, but are on account of the heavy burdens of taxation imposed on said estate by reason of the residence of the trustee in a state and city different from the home of the beneficiary."

Court of Appeals Decision.

The Herald adds the following fact as to the case. "Under this decision of the court, Mrs. Walsh's personal property in the hands of the Security Trust company would be liable for city, state and county taxes here; and realizing that she, a non-resident of the state, could derive no possible benefit from taxes paid to the city on her personal property, Mrs. Walsh takes this means of getting possession of her property. The removal of the estate to another state is a powerful argument against the wisdom of the system of taxation in force in Kentucky; for though the investments made by the trustee in local securities are so safe and highly regarded as to be retained, yet when a reinvestment is made it is likely that a large portion of the funds will be invested elsewhere, thus depriving this community and state of so much badly needed capital for its progress and development."

Poverty or Perjury.

"A prominent attorney of this city, in discussing before the Taxation Committee of the Kentucky senate in 1905 the tax system of our state, denounced our personal property tax as necessarily leading either to poverty or perjury. We do not know whether any statistics on the subject are available, but we think it a safe guess that at least three-fourths of all the intangible personal property, such as bonds, notes, and cash, which is assessed for taxation in Kentucky, is in the hands of fiduciaries. Is it a fair and manly thing to place upon those least able to bear it nearly all the burden of such a tax?"

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"Out of sight, out of mind," is old saying which applies with special force to a sore, burn or wound that's been treated with Bucklen's Arnica Salve. It's out of sight, out of mind and out of existence. Piles too and chilblains disappear under its healing influence. Guaranteed by Chas. C. Davis, leading druggist. 25c.

DRIVEN AWAY BY TAXATION

Very Large Capital Withdrawn From Kentucky.

The Case of the Walsh Estate in Lexington Points Out a Dangerous Result of Our Tax System.

The manner in which the tax system of Kentucky may seriously affect its business interests was recently given a very striking demonstration in Lexington. The estate of Mrs. Clara Bell Walsh, amounting to about \$750,000, had been for many years managed by the Security Trust company of Lexington, as trustee. A petition was filed recently in the Fayette circuit court, asking the court to terminate the trusteeship, so that Mrs. Walsh might put her property in the hands of a trust company in St. Louis. The Security Trust company, which had been acting as trustee, did not oppose this suit, it being distinctly stated in the petition of Mrs. Walsh that the services of the trust company had been in every way satisfactory, but that the taxes imposed upon her property were too burdensome.

The peculiar feature of the case lies in the fact that Mrs. Walsh, herself, resides in St. Louis and, therefore, claims that her personal property should not be taxed at Lexington. The court of appeals having held otherwise, and Mrs. Walsh, not feeling justified in paying a tax rate of \$2.70 on the stocks, bonds and other investments in the hands of the Kentucky trustee, since she could not derive any possible good from the payment of this tax, decided to remove the property to the state of her residence.

A considerable part of the estate was invested in local securities—the bonds of local corporations and real estate mortgages. This will mean that the money will gradually be withdrawn from investment in these local securities and reinvested by the St. Louis trustee in other securities, thus constituting a loss of that much money to enterprises in and around Lexington and Fayette county. It means just that much greater scarcity of needed capital.

The Lexington Herald has been, with great energy and skill, showing the result of this sort of taxation on the business interests of the state. It points out, among other things, the inconsistency in the decisions of our courts, which hold that a man who lives in one Kentucky county and has intangible personal property, such as stocks, bonds, or money, in the hands of a trustee in another county of Kentucky, must pay the tax in the county of his residence and not in the county where the trustee resides; but if the owner of the property moves directly out of the state, then he must pay a tax in the county where the trustee resides, as well as pay the tax in the state where he takes up his new residence, thus constituting double taxation.

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NEW DISCOVERY

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